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SUBJECT:- PHYSICS CLASS:- IXTH DATE:17/09/XX

SUBJECT TEACHER:- MR. NEEL NIRANJAN

CHAPTER 2. (FORCE & LAWS OF MOTION) (BASED ON NCERT PATTERN)

Question 1. Two objects of masses 100 g and 200 g are moving along the same line and direction with velocities of 2 m/s and 1 m/s respectively.

They collide and after the collision the first object moves at a velocity of 1.67 m./s. Determine the velocity of the second object. Answer:

$$m_{1} = 100 \text{ g} = 0.1 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_{2} = 200 \text{ g} = 0.2 \text{ kg}$$

$$u_{1} = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$u_{2} = 1 \text{ m/s}$$
After collision
$$v_{1} = 1.67 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{2} = ?$$

$$m_{1}u_{1} + m_{2}u_{2} = m_{1}v_{1} + m_{2}v_{2}$$

$$(0.1 \times 2) + (0.2 \times 1) = (0.1 \times 1.67) + (0.2 \times v_{2})$$

$$0.2 + 0.2 = 0.167 + 0.2v_{2}$$

$$0.4 - 0.167 = 0.2v_{2}$$

$$\frac{0.4 - 0.167}{0.2} = v_{2}$$

$$\frac{0.233}{0.2} = 1.165 \text{ m/s}$$

.. The velocity of the second object is 1.165 m/s.

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Question 2. Explain, why is it difficult for a fireman to hold a hose, which ejects a large amount of water at a high velocity.

Answer: The water that is ejected out from the hose in the forward direction comes out with a large momentum and equal amount of momentum is developed in the hose in the opposite direction and hence the hose is pushed backward. It becomes difficult for a fireman to hold a hose which experiences this large momentum.